## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 11, 2005

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005–06 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 904

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Houston**

February 18, 2005

An act to *amend Sections 510, 513, 514, and 515 of, and to* add Section 511.5 to, the Labor Code, relating to employment.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 904, as amended, Houston. Employment: workweek.

Existing law, with certain exceptions, establishes 8 hours as a day's work and a 40-hour workweek, and requires payment of prescribed overtime compensation for additional hours worked. Existing law authorizes the adoption by 2/3 of employees in a work unit of alternative workweek schedules providing for workdays no longer than 10 hours within a 40-hour workweek.

This bill would exempt individual employees from the alternative workweek and would permit each employee to, with the consent of his or her employer, adopt an alternative workweek schedule providing for workdays up to 12 hours within a 40-hour workweek, so long as the employee is guaranteed a base salary.

This bill would authorize affected employees, as defined, of an employer that continuously operates a manufacturing facility 24 hours a day for 7 days a week, to adopt by a 2/3 vote an alternative workweek schedule providing for workdays up to 12 hours within a 40-hour workweek without the payment to affected employees of an overtime rate of compensation. The bill would also make conforming changes to other existing laws relating to overtime pay.

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By imposing additional requirements on employers the violation of which would be a misdemeanor under existing law, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 511.5 is added to the Labor Code, to 2 read:

3 SECTION 1. Section 510 of the Labor Code is amended to 4 read:

read: 510. (a) Eight hours of labor constitutes a day's work. Any work in excess of eight hours in one workday and any work in excess of 40 hours in any one workweek and the first eight hours worked on the seventh day of work in any one workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee. Any work in excess of 12 hours in one day shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay for an employee. In addition, any work in excess of eight hours on any seventh day of a workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than twice the regular rate of pay of an employee. Nothing in this section requires an employer to combine more than one rate of overtime compensation in order to calculate the amount to be paid to an employee for any hour of overtime work. The requirements of this section do not apply to the payment of overtime compensation to an employee working pursuant to any of the following:

- (1) An alternative workweek schedule adopted pursuant to Section 511 *or 511.5*.
- 24 (2) An alternative workweek schedule adopted pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement pursuant to Section 514.

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(3) An alternative workweek schedule to which this chapter is inapplicable pursuant to Section 554.

- (b) Time spent commuting to and from the first place at which an employee's presence is required by the employer shall not be considered to be a part of a day's work, when the employee commutes in a vehicle that is owned, leased, or subsidized by the employer and is used for the purpose of ridesharing, as defined in Section 522 of the Vehicle Code.
- (c) This section does not affect, change, or limit an employer's liability under the workers' compensation law.
  - SEC. 2. Section 511.5 is added to the Labor Code, to read:
- 511.5. (a) Notwithstanding Section 511, upon the written proposal of an employer, the employees of an employer that continuously operates a manufacturing facility 24 hours a day for seven days a week may adopt a regularly scheduled alternative workweek that authorizes work by the affected employees for no longer than 12 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek without the payment to the affected employees of an overtime rate of compensation.
- (b) (1) A proposal to adopt an alternative workweek schedule shall be deemed adopted only if it receives approval in a secret ballot election by at least two-thirds of affected employees in a work unit.
- (2) Prior to the secret ballot election, an employer that proposes to adopt an alternative workweek schedule shall disclose in writing to the affected employees the effects of the proposed alternative workweek schedule on the affected employees' wages, hours, and benefits. The disclosure shall include notice that one or more meetings will be held at least 14 days prior to the election for the specific purpose of discussing the effects of the alternative workweek schedule on the affected employees. Failure to comply with this paragraph shall render the election null and void.
- (c) (1) An affected employee working longer than 12 hours in a workday pursuant to an alternative workweek schedule adopted pursuant to this section shall be paid an overtime rate of compensation of no less than double the regular rate of pay of the employee for any work in excess of 12 hours in a workday.
- (2) An affected employee working longer than 40 hours in a workweek shall be paid an overtime rate of compensation of no

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less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay of the employee for any work in excess of 40 hours in the workweek.

- (3) Nothing in this section requires an employer to combine more than one rate of overtime compensation in order to calculate the amount to be paid to an employee for any hour of overtime work.
- (d) The standards for the payment of overtime compensation established by this section shall apply to employees who are temporarily assigned to a work unit covered by this section.
- (e) (1) An employer shall not be required to offer an alternative work assignment to an employee if an alternative assignment is not available or if the employee was hired after the adoption of the alternative workweek schedule.
- (2) An employer that adopts an alternative workweek schedule pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable effort to find an alternative work assignment for any employee who participated in the election and is unable or unwilling to comply with the alternative schedule hours established as the result of that election.
- (3) An employer shall be permitted to provide a work schedule not to exceed eight hours in a workday to accommodate any employee who was hired after the date of the election and who is unable to work the alternative schedule established as the result of that election. The employer may voluntarily accommodate as many employees as it is able and willing to accommodate.
- (4) An employer shall explore any available reasonable alternative means of accommodating the religious belief or observance of an affected employee that conflicts with an adopted alternative workweek schedule, in the manner provided by subdivision (l) of Section 12940 of the Government Code.
- (f) Twelve months from the date the alternative workweek schedule is adopted, a majority of the affected employees may petition for a new secret ballot election to be held to repeal the alternative workweek schedule. The alternative workweek schedule shall be repealed if the petition to repeal the alternative schedule is approved by at least two-thirds of the affected employees in the secret ballot election. The employer shall take all actions necessary to effectuate the repeal of the alternative workweek schedule within 60 days of the election, except that the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement may grant the

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employer an extension on that 60 days if the employer makes a satisfactory showing to the division that compliance within the 60 days would cause the employer undue hardship.

- (g) For purposes of this section, "affected employee" includes, but is not limited to, any employee in a readily identifiable work unit such as a division, department, job classification, shift, separate physical location, or a recognized subdivision of any of these work units. For purposes of this subdivision, a work unit may consist of an individual employee.
- (h) An employer shall not reduce an employee's regular rate of hourly pay as a result of the adoption, repeal, or nullification of an alternative workweek schedule.
- (i) The results of any election conducted pursuant to this section shall be reported by an employer to the Division of Labor Statistics and Research within 30 days after the results are final.
- (j) Any type of alternative workweek schedule that is authorized by this code and that was in effect on January 1, 2000, may be repealed by the affected employees pursuant to this section. This subdivision does not apply to exemptions authorized pursuant to Section 515.
- (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an employer who adopts an alternative workweek schedule pursuant to this section shall not be in violation of any overtime provision of this code and shall be exempt from Wage Order Number 1, or any other applicable wage order, of the Industrial Welfare Commission.
  - SEC. 3. Section 513 of the Labor Code is amended to read:
- 513. If an employer approves a written request of an employee to make up worktime that is or would be lost as a result of a personal obligation of the employee, the hours of that makeup worktime, if performed in the same workweek in which the worktime was lost,—may shall not be counted towards computing the total number of hours worked in a day for purposes of the overtime requirements specified in Section 510 or 511, 511, or 511.5, except for hours in excess of 11 hours of work in one day or 40 hours in one workweek with respect to Sections 510 and 511, and hours in excess of 12 hours of work in one day or 40 hours in one workweek with respect to Section 511.5. An employee shall provide a signed written request for each occasion that the employee makes a request to make up

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work time pursuant to this section. An employer is prohibited from encouraging or otherwise soliciting an employee to request the employer's approval to take personal time off and make up the work hours within the same week pursuant to this section.

SEC. 4. Section 514 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

514. Sections 510-and 511, 511, and 511.5 do not apply to an employee covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement if the agreement expressly provides for the wages, hours of work, and working conditions of the employees, and if the agreement provides premium wage rates for all overtime hours worked and a regular hourly rate of pay for those employees of not less than 30 percent more than the state minimum wage.

SEC. 5. Section 515 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

515. (a) The Industrial Welfare Commission may establish exemptions from the requirement that an overtime rate of compensation be paid pursuant to Sections 510 and 511, 511, and 511.5 for executive, administrative, and professional employees, provided that the employee is primarily engaged in the duties that meet the test of the exemption, customarily and regularly exercises discretion and independent judgment in performing those duties, and earns a monthly salary equivalent to no less than two times the state minimum wage for full-time employment. The commission shall conduct a review of the duties that meet the test of the exemption. The commission may, based upon this review, convene a public hearing to adopt or modify regulations at that hearing pertaining to duties that meet the test of the exemption without convening wage boards. Any hearing conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be concluded not later than July 1, 2000.

- (b) (1) The commission may establish additional exemptions to hours of work requirements under this division where it finds that hours or conditions of labor may be prejudicial to the health or welfare of employees in any occupation, trade, or industry. This paragraph shall become inoperative on January 1, 2005.
- (2)—Except as otherwise provided in this section and in subdivision (g) of Section 511, nothing in this section requires the commission to alter any exemption from provisions regulating hours of work that was contained in any valid wage order in effect in 1997. Except as otherwise provided in this division, the commission may review, retain, or eliminate any

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exemption from provisions regulating hours of work that was contained in any valid wage order in effect in 1997.

- (c) For the purposes of this section, "full-time employment" means employment in which an employee is employed for 40 hours per week.
- (d) For the purpose of computing the overtime rate of compensation required to be paid to a nonexempt full-time salaried employee, the employee's regular hourly rate shall be  $V_{40}$ th of the employee's weekly salary.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, "primarily" means more than one-half of the employee's worktime.
- (f) (1) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (a), registered nurses employed to engage in the practice of nursing shall not be exempted from coverage under any part of the orders of the Industrial Welfare Commission, unless they individually meet the criteria for exemptions established for executive or administrative employees.
  - (2) This subdivision does not apply to any of the following:
- (A) A certified nurse midwife who is primarily engaged in performing duties for which certification is required pursuant to Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 2746) of Chapter 6 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (B) A certified nurse anesthetist who is primarily engaged in performing duties for which certification is required pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 2825) of Chapter 6 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (C) A certified nurse practitioner who is primarily engaged in performing duties for which certification is required pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section 2834) of Chapter 6 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (D) Nothing in this paragraph shall exempt the occupations set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) from meeting the requirements of subdivision (a).
- SEC. 6. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a

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crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the 2 California Constitution. 3 511.5. Notwithstanding Section 511, an individual employee shall not be required to adopt an alternative workweek and may, 4 5 with the consent of his or her employer, work up to 12 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek, provided that the employee is 7 guaranteed a base salary. 8 9 10 **CORRECTIONS:** 11 Digest – Lines 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11. 12 **Text – Pages 1, 5, and 7.** 13